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Impact of Consecutive Spot Errors on Beam Delivery Accuracy in Carbon Ion Radiotherapy: Log-Based Analysis

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Background / Aims:

- The continuity of spot scanning errors is employed as a trigger to interrupt beam delivery in scanning carbon ion radiotherapy (CIRT)
- We aims to investigate the number of consecutive spot errors that affect dose accuracy

Subjects and Methods:

- Machine log file analysis for 48 CIRT plans for patient-specific quality assurance
- Error definition: 0-3mm for position displacement, 0-30% for size variation
- Evaluate errors in proximal, medial, and distal depths of spread-out bragg-peak (SOBP)
- Dose accuracy: difference (%) between plan and measurements dose
- Statistical analysis: Spearman correlation & Wilcoxon rank-sum test
- Threshold for the number of consecutive errors using Youden-index

Result:

- The number of consecutive spot size errors was significantly correlated with dose difference ≥3% in distal depth of SOBP (p <0.05)
- The number of <u>consecutive spots</u> <u>with size variation >20% was</u> <u>significantly higher at dose difference</u> <u>≥3%.</u>

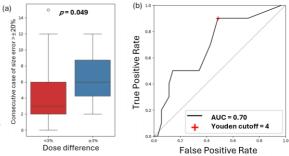


Fig 2. Consecutive error analysis for distal depth

- Fig 2-3 show boxplot and receiveroperating characteristic when classifying dose difference ≥3% using consecutive spots with size variation >20%
- Threshold for consecutive spot size variation >20%: <u>4 for distal depth</u>, <u>17 for any depths</u>

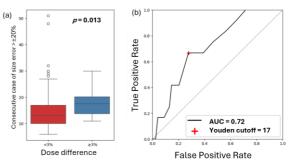


Fig 3. Consecutive error analysis for combining all depths

Conclusion:

Consecutive spot errors with size variation >20% are recommended to be fewer than 20